Table 19. Standard errors for life insurance plans: Fixed multiple of earnings benefit formulas, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2009

	Multiple of earnings amounts ²						
Characteristics	Less than 1.0 times earnings	1.0 times earnings	Over 1.0 and under 2.0 times earnings	2.0 times earnings	Greater than 2.0 times earnings	Mean multiple of earnings	Median multiple of earnings
All workers	0.1	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.0
Worker characteristics							
Management, professional, and related	0.2 0.1 0.3	1.3 1.6 1.7	0.9 1.5 0.9	1.3 1.6 1.5	0.7 0.7 0.9	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.1 0.0
Teachers Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers Registered nurses	(³)	3.8 4.5 2.9	2.3 3.1 1.7	3.6 4.2 2.1	1.6 0.4 -	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.3 0.0
Service	0.3 - 0.1	2.0 4.9 1.1	2.4 3.5 0.7	2.2 4.3 0.9	0.6 2.4 0.4	0.0 0.1 0.0	0.0 0.3 0.0
Sales and related Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and	0.2 0.1 0.5	2.1 1.3 2.5	1.0 1.0 1.5	1.7 1.2 2.2	0.7 0.4 0.7	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0
forestry Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production	0.6 0.3	5.2 2.6 1.8 2.7	3.0 1.7 1.4 2.0	4.8 2.1 1.5 2.5	- 0.7 0.5 0.7	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0
Transportation and material moving	0.4	2.7	1.9	1.5	0.7	0.0	0.0
Full time	0.1 0.2	0.9 3.2	0.8 2.1	0.9 2.4	0.4 1.3	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
Union Nonunion	0.2 0.1	1.9 1.0	1.5 0.8	1.6 1.0	0.9 0.4	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
Wage percentiles:4 Lowest 10 percent Lowest 25 percent Second 25 percent Third 25 percent Highest 25 percent	- 0.2 0.3 0.1	5.8 2.3 1.4 1.2	4.5 1.9 1.1 1.0 0.8	- 2.3 1.2 1.1	0.4 0.3 0.6 0.6	0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Highest 10 percent Establishment characteristics	0.2	1.5	1.0	1.5	0.7	0.0	_
Goods-producing industries	0.3	2.5	1.5	2.3	0.7	0.0	-
Service-providing industries Education and health services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	0.1 0.3 0.3 - -	1.0 2.5 3.7 4.4 5.2	0.8 1.7 2.2 3.0 2.5	1.0 2.1 4.2 4.3 6.2	0.4 1.3 2.0 0.3	0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1	0.0 0.0 0.2 0.1
Health care and social assistance Hospitals Public administration	0.4 - -	2.8 2.7 4.3	2.2 1.6 3.3	2.0 1.9 2.9	- - 1.9	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. Standard errors for life insurance plans: Fixed multiple of earnings benefit formulas, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2009—Continued

	Multiple of earnings amounts ²						
Characteristics	Less than 1.0 times earnings	1.0 times earnings	Over 1.0 and under 2.0 times earnings	2.0 times earnings	Greater than 2.0 times earnings	Mean multiple of earnings	Median multiple of earnings
1 to 99 workers	0.2 0.3	2.2 2.6	1.1 1.4	1.9 2.2	0.5 0.7	0.0	0.0 0.0
50 to 99 workers	0.3	3.5	1.8	3.1	0.6	0.0	0.0
100 workers or more	0.1	1.2 1.9	1.0 1.7	1.1 1.1	0.5 0.5	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
500 workers or more	0.2	1.9	1.1	1.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Geographic areas							
New England	0.6	4.7	1.4	3.7	0.5	0.0	0.0
Middle Atlantic	0.5	1.6	3.1	3.0	0.6	0.0	0.0
East North Central	-	2.5	1.3	2.0	0.6	0.0	0.0
West North Central	(3)	3.9	3.1	3.1	_	0.1	0.0
South Atlantic East South Central	(°)	1.9 6.8	1.9 4.2	1.5	0.6	0.0	0.0
West South Central	_	2.3	1.7	1.8	0.5	0.1	0.0
Mountain	_	2.5	2.0	2.3	0.5	0.0	0.0
Pacific	0.3	2.3	1.1	2.3	0.8	0.0	0.0

¹ Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government.

threshold. The percentile values are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2008." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20082009.htm.

See Technical Note for further explanation.

² Includes participants in plans in which insurance equaled a multiple of earnings plus or minus a specified amount. Includes multiple of earnings not shown separately.

Less than 0.05.
 The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the